

## Role Description – Employee in Europe

You are working with other employees in a factory where your task is to produce cell phones. Your boss, the factory owner, expects excellent, high quality, but also efficient and quick work.

The factory owner provides raw materials and the tools. Your tool kit consists of scissors and different crayons. They are necessary to cut out cell phones and paint the front side of the phones in the “colour of the season”. Finally, you have to plot the cell phone logo. Your boss informs you about the number of cell phones you have to produce each year.

After the production stage you can take your time to spend the money you have just earned. You earn £ 12.50 for each cell phone produced in the first year. Every single phone which you have produced represents 250 real cell phones. For example, if you have produced 10 paper cell phones in the first year, you reach a number of 2500 real cell phones. And you carry a wage of £ 31,250.00 for that work. Later on you can negotiate your wage with your factory owner in advance of each production stage.

You have to pay the cost of living with the wage you earned at the end of each year. For example, you have to spend money on your rental fee and food. In the first year your cost of living is £ 28,000. You can spend the amount in excess of these costs on luxury goods. If you want to buy such goods you have to cut it out from your paper sheet. Of course, it is your goal to get as many luxury goods as possible. If you don't want to buy luxury goods, you can save your money for the next year.

## Employee in Europe

Year 1	Notes
<p><b>Wages</b></p> <p>_____ · 250 phones = _____ phones at £ _____ per phone = £ _____</p> <p>– cost of living = £ _____ 28,000</p> <p><b>= wage surplus</b> = £ _____</p> <p><b>Accounting</b></p> <p>wage surplus (carryover from above) = £ _____</p> <p>– luxury goods bought = £ _____</p> <p><b>= savings</b> = £ _____</p>	
<p><b>Year 2</b></p> <p><b>Wages</b></p> <p>_____ · 250 phones = _____ phones at £ _____ per phone = £ _____</p> <p>– cost of living = £ _____ 29,000</p> <p><b>= wage surplus</b> = £ _____</p> <p><b>Accounting</b></p> <p>wage surplus (carryover from above) = £ _____</p> <p>+ savings at the end of year 1 = £ _____</p> <p>– luxury goods bought = £ _____</p> <p><b>= savings</b> = £ _____</p>	

Year 3	Notes
<p><b><u>Wages</u></b></p> <p>_____ · 250 phones = _____ phones at £ _____ per phone = £ _____</p> <p>– cost of living = £ _____ 30,500</p> <p><b>= wage surplus</b> = £ _____</p>	
<p><b><u>Accounting</u></b></p> <p>wage surplus (carryover from above) = £ _____</p> <p>+ savings at the end of year 2 = £ _____</p> <p>– luxury goods bought = £ _____</p> <p><b>= savings</b> = £ _____</p>	



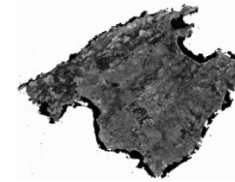
**car**  
**15000**



**long**  
**vacation**  
**5000**



**PC**  
**1500**



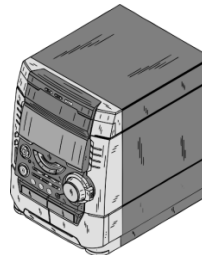
**short**  
**vacation**  
**1000**



**jewelry**  
**500**



**TV**  
**800**



**hi-fi system**  
**250**



**MP3 player**  
**150**